

Parallel and Distributed Computation of High-Order Derivatives in Neural Networks using Stochastic Taylor Derivative Estimator

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This paper presents a scalable framework for computing high-order derivatives in neural networks using the Stochastic Taylor Derivative Estimator (STDE) within parallel and distributed computing environments. Targeting Physics-Informed Neural Networks (PINNs), the work extends the theoretical and practical applicability of STDE—a method based on univariate Taylor-mode automatic differentiation and randomized jet sampling by integrating it into the JAX ecosystem with distributed primitives like `pmap` and `pjit`. The implementation achieves significant speedups and memory efficiency by decoupling the expensive tensorial computations typically associated with high-order derivatives. Experimental benchmarks on many-body Schrödinger demonstrate near-linear scalability and significant runtime improvements, achieving up to $6.86\times$ speedups over single-GPU baselines. Our results show that STDE, when combined with distributed computation, bridges a critical gap in scalable scientific machine learning by enabling efficient, high-order autodiff in massively parallel environments.

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